### **ROMANIA**



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# **PRESS RELEASE**

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# The Research-Development Activity in 2008

In 2008, the total expenditure of Romania with the research-development activity amounted to 2980.7 million lei. The research-development expenditure was 0.59% of the  $GDP^{7}$ , 0.06% more than in 2007.

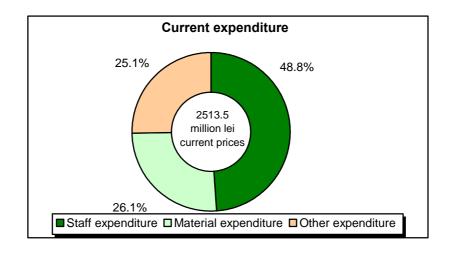
At the end of 2008, 43502 employees were involved in the research-development activity, a relatively constant number, equal to that registered at the end of 2007.

### The expenditure with the research-development activity

In 2008, 2980.7 million lei were spent on research-development, in its four sectors of activity, out of which 2513.5 million lei, 84.3% respectively, were current expenditure and 467.2 million lei, 15.7% respectively, were capital expenditure.

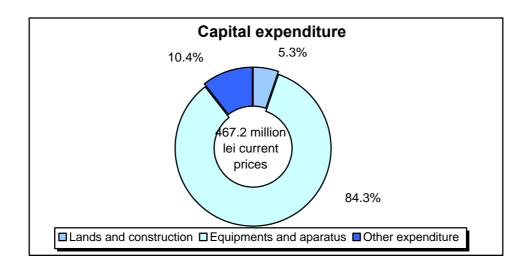
Compared to 2008, the weight of the expenditure with the endowment of the units that had a research-development activity decreased by 4.3% in 2009.

The structure of the current and capital expenses for the research-development activity, on components, in 2008



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<sup>\*)</sup> Gross Domestic Product-Estimated data



In 2008, compared to 2007, the **fundamental research** increased by 3.6% in the total expenditure, that is from 45.9% to 49.5%. The applied research slightly decreased by 2.2% in the total expenditure, from 44.7% to 42.5%. Only 8.0% of the total expenditure was spent for the experimental research.

As to the **financing sources** of the research-development total expenditure in 2008, the public funds have the highest weight (70.1% compared to 67.1% in 2007), followed by the sources from enterprises (23.3% compared to 26.9%).

From public funds, the units in the governmental sector received the largest sums (48.7%), followed by the units in higher education sector (34.5%) and the units in the business sector (16.7%).

# Total expenditure with research-development, on financing sources and sectors of activity, in 2008

-million lei current prices-

Sectors of activity / Financing sources	TOTAL	Business sector	Government sector	Higher education sector	Non-profit private sector
TOTAL	2980.7	893.0	1220.8	860.0	6.9
Enterprises	693.4	491.2	176.4	21.4	4.4
Public funds	2089.5	349.6	1018.3	720.2	1.4
Units in tertiary education	78.7	2.5	1.7	74.5	-
Private non-profit	0.8	-	0.3	0.5	-
Abroad	118.3	49.7	24.1	43.4	1.1

The **research intensity** (calculated as a ratio between the total expenditure with research-development and the Gross Domestic Product) in 2008, had a weight of 0.59% compared to 0.53% in 2007. In 2008, the expenditure from public funds holds a weight of 0.41% of the GDP compared to 0.36% in 2007.

# The employees involved in the research-development activity

On December 31, 2008, there were 43502 persons working in the research-development activity (out of them 19988 were women, that is 45.9 %), being preserved a similar percentage as in 2007.

The research-development employees, on sectors of activity, in 2008, as to 2007
- the number at the end of the year -

	2007		2008	
	Employees total	Out of which: women	Employees total	Out of which: women
TOTAL	42484	19544	43502	19988
Business sector	13468	5591	12144	4926
Government sector	9185	4799	10795	5757
Tertiary education sector	19649	9072	20363	9211
Non-profit private sector	182	82	200	94

On **scientific fields**, the biggest weight of the research-development employees is held by those involved in the technologic and engineering sciences, of 47.4%, followed by those involved in natural and exact sciences, with a weight of 15.6%.

The number of researchers in these fields is significant, that is 14366 persons (out of which 39.1% women) in the field of technological and engineering sciences and 4624 persons (out of which 47.8% women) in the field of natural and exact sciences.

On **the level of education**, out of the total number of research-development employees existent at the end of 2008, 34642 have higher education studies (79.6% of the total), 2363 have post high school education and foreman studies (5.4%), 5578 have high school, vocational and apprentice education (12.8%) and 919 have other kinds of education (2.1%).

Compared to 2007, the number of the doctorate graduates was roughly the same in 2008 that is 14851 persons, out of which 6317 female doctorate graduates, which means 42.5%.

Out of the employees who worked in the research-development field in 2008, as to **the effective working hours**, 62.4% had full-time jobs and 37.6 % part-time jobs.

The research-development employees, on activity sectors, in 2008 as to 2007

	20	2007		08
	Employees total	Out of which: women	Employees total	Out of which: women
TOTAL	28977	13265	30390	14274
Business sector	13107	5330	11525	4689
Government sector	8786	4585	10312	5510
Tertiary education sector	6931	3278	8433	4023
Non-profit private sector	153	72	120	52

In 2008, on **job categories**, the highest weight of the research-development employees were the researchers, 70.9% of the total, that is 30864 persons.

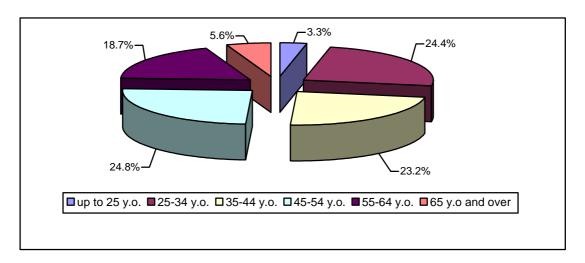
## The research-development employees, on job categories, in 2008 as to 2007

- the number at the end of the year -

	2007		2008	
	Employees total	Out of which: women	Employees total	Out of which: women
TOTAL	42484	19544	43502	19988
Researchers	30740	13745	30864	13817
Technicians and similar	4862	2662	5041	2678
Other categories of employees	6882	3137	7597	3493

**On age groups**, compared to 2007, in 2008 there was a slight decrease in the number of the researchers up to 34 years old (24.4% compared to 26.4%). The weight of researchers aged 35 to 54 was roughly the same, that is 48.0 %.

### The structure of researchers on age groups in 2008



#### **METHODOLOGICAL NOTE**

- **1. Data source**: The annual statistical surveys concerning the research-development activity (CD, CD A and CD U) that provide data collection regarding the indicators concerning human resources and expenditure according to the European Commission Regulation no. 753/2004 on science and technology statistics.
- 2. The statistical survey is exhaustive. The nomenclature on which the reference is based consists of professional research-development units, social and economic units with groups of research-development employees, stations and institutes of agricultural research and production, the units of Tertiary Education and academic clinics with research-development personnel, non-profit organizations with research-development activity.

For detail, kindly see the statistical publication "The Research-Development Activity in 2008", date of issue October 15, 2009.

The next issue of the press release will be on September 2010.